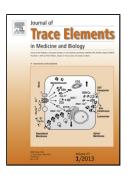
Accepted Manuscript



Title: Acute exposure to methylmercury chloride induces fast changes in swimming performance, cognitive processes and oxidative stress of zebrafish (*Danio rerio*) as reference model for fish community

Authors: Stefan-Adrian Strungaru, Madalina Andreea Robea, Gabriel Plavan, Elena Todirascu-Ciornea, Alin Ciobica, Mircea Nicoara

PII:	S0946-672X(17)30924-0
DOI:	https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jtemb.2018.01.019
Reference:	JTEMB 26048

To appear in:

Received date:	14-11-2017
Revised date:	9-1-2018
Accepted date:	31-1-2018

Please cite this article as: Strungaru Stefan-Adrian, Robea Madalina Andreea, Plavan Gabriel, Todirascu-Ciornea Elena, Ciobica Alin, Nicoara Mircea. Acute exposure to methylmercury chloride induces fast changes in swimming performance, cognitive processes and oxidative stress of zebrafish (Danio rerio) as reference model for fish community. *Journal of Trace Elements in Medicine and Biology* https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jtemb.2018.01.019

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Acute exposure to methylmercury chloride induces fast changes in swimming performance, cognitive processes and oxidative stress of zebrafish (*Danio rerio*) as reference model for fish community

Stefan-Adrian Strungaru^{*,1}, Madalina Andreea Robea², Gabriel Plavan², Elena Todirascu-Ciornea², Alin Ciobica^{*,1}, Mircea Nicoara²

¹"Alexandru Ioan Cuza" University of Iasi, Department of Research, Faculty of Biology, Bd. Carol I, 20A, 700505, Iasi, Romania

²"Alexandru Ioan Cuza" University of Iasi, Department of Biology, Faculty of Biology, Bd. Carol I, 20A, 700505, Iasi, Romania

*Corresponding authors: Stefan-Adrian Strungaru (stefan.strungaru@uaic.ro); Alin Ciobica (alin.ciobica@uaic.ro)

Highlights:

- Behavioural tasks and oxidative stress in acute exposure to methylmercury in zebrafish and fish communities
- Memory, aggression, swimming with oxidative markers were modified after methylmercury(II)
- These markers seem relevant in understanding the neurotoxic effects of mercury compounds

Abstract

Fishes are the first group of vertebrates that respond when the environment is contaminated with pollutants resulted from anthropogenic activities. The development of the toxicity tests is bringing new evidence about the toxicological effects of the pollutants upon the life forms. Behavioural abnormalities in the swimming performance and cognitive processes were well associated with the response of organisms to pollutants from environment. The aim of the paper was to study the behavioural changes of zebrafish (memory, swimming performances and aggression) and oxidative stress (superoxide dismutase and malondialdehyde) during 32 hours of acute exposure with methylmercury (II) chloride to measure its neurotoxicity effects upon fish community. The experiments from this study tested and measured the fish community response to methylmercury concentrations (1 μ g L⁻¹ and 15 μ g L⁻¹) in the first hours

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7638697

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7638697

Daneshyari.com