Accepted Manuscript

Nickel nanowires-based composite material applied to the highly enhanced non-enzymatic electro-oxidation of ethanol



Cecilia S. Tettamanti, María L. Ramírez, Fabiana Gutierrez, Paula G. Bercoff, Gustavo A. Rivas, Marcela C. Rodríguez

S0026-265X(18)30288-1 doi:10.1016/j.microc.2018.06.023 MICROC 3223
Microchemical Journal
16 March 2018 12 June 2018 12 June 2018

Please cite this article as: Cecilia S. Tettamanti, María L. Ramírez, Fabiana Gutierrez, Paula G. Bercoff, Gustavo A. Rivas, Marcela C. Rodríguez, Nickel nanowires-based composite material applied to the highly enhanced non-enzymatic electro-oxidation of ethanol. Microc (2017), doi:10.1016/j.microc.2018.06.023

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

NICKEL NANOWIRES-BASED COMPOSITE MATERIAL APPLIED TO THE HIGHLY ENHANCED NON-ENZYMATIC ELECTRO-OXIDATION OF ETHANOL

Cecilia S. Tettamanti¹, María L. Ramírez¹, Fabiana Gutierrez¹, Paula G. Bercoff², Gustavo A. Rivas¹, Marcela C. Rodríguez^{*1}

¹Departamento de Fisicoquímica, Facultad de Ciencias Químicas, Universidad Nacional de Córdoba, INFIQC, CONICET. Córdoba, Argentina; ²Facultad de Matemática, Astronomía, Física y Computación, Universidad Nacional de Córdoba. IFEG, CONICET. Córdoba, Argentina.

ABSTRACT

In this work, we report the building of a nanostructured platform with activity towards the non-enzymatic oxidation of ethanol. This nanostructured platform was obtained by including Ni nanowires (NiNWs) in a graphite matrix composite. The NiNWs were obtained by electrochemical synthesis using commercial aluminum oxide templates and characterized by scanning electronic microscopy (SEM), X-ray emission (EDS) and X-ray diffraction (XRD). The composite transducer (CPE-NiNWs) was studied by cyclic voltammetry, amperometry and electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS) assays. CPE-NiNWs proved to be highly sensitive for the detection of ethanol in 0.10 M NaOH, demonstrating a wide linear range (1.0x10⁻⁴-1.1x10⁻² M) and a detection limit of 3.10x10⁻⁷M. CPE-NiNWs was used for the efficient quantification of

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7640092

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7640092

Daneshyari.com