Accepted Manuscript

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PII:	S1386-1425(18)30640-1
DOI:	doi:10.1016/j.saa.2018.06.098
Reference:	SAA 16257
To appear in:	Spectrochimica Acta Part A: Molecular and Biomolecular Spectroscopy
Received date:	1 April 2018
Revised date:	25 June 2018
Accepted date:	26 June 2018

Please cite this article as: Njemuwa Nwaji, Somila Dingiswayo, John Mack, Tebello Nyokong , Photophysical and enhanced nonlinear optical response in asymmetric benzothiazole substituted phthalocyanine covalently linked to semiconductor quantum dots. Saa (2018), doi:10.1016/j.saa.2018.06.098

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Phototophysical and enhanced nonlinear optical response in asymetric benzothiazole substituted phthalocyanine covalently linked to semiconductor quantum dots

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Abstract

The synthesis of asymmetric benzothiazole substituted phthalocyanine (complexes **3** to **5**) and their covalent attachment to glutathione (GSH) functionalized quantum dots (QDs) are reported in this work. Additionally, their photophysical and nonlinear optical properties were investigated. A decrease in the fluorescence quantum yield with corresponding increase in the triplet quantum yield was observed when the complexes were covalently linked to glutathione (GSH) functionalized cadmium telluride (CdTe) quantum dots. The reverse saturable absorption was found to be predominantly dominated by excited state absorption. The observed limiting threshold values range from 0.29–0.75 J/cm².

Key word: photo-induced energy transfer, ball-type phthalocyanines, quantum dots, photophysics, optical limiting

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