



PII: S1386-1425(18)30368-8
 DOI: doi:[10.1016/j.saa.2018.04.075](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.saa.2018.04.075)
 Reference: SAA 16060

To appear in: *Spectrochimica Acta Part A: Molecular and Biomolecular Spectroscopy*

Received date: 20 July 2017
Revised date: 20 April 2018
Accepted date: 29 April 2018

Please cite this article as: M. Soylu, A. Dere, C. Ahmedova, G. Barim, Abdullah G. Al-Sehemi, Ahmed A. Al-Ghamdi, W.A. Farooq, F. Yakuphanoglu , Investigating the coumarin capability in chalcogenide 20Ti2Se–80Pr2Se3 system based photovoltaics. The address for the corresponding author was captured as affiliation for all authors. Please check if appropriate. Saa(2017), doi:[10.1016/j.saa.2018.04.075](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.saa.2018.04.075)

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Investigating the coumarin capability in chalcogenide 20TI₂Se –80Pr₂Se₃ system based photovoltaics

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Abstract

Chalcogenide films containing various contents of coumarin (CO) are deposited on the p-type Si substrates. Al/coumarin doped chalcogenide films/p-Si contact exhibits a rectifying behavior. The electrical and photoresponse properties of the prepared diodes are characterized by current and capacitance measurements under various illumination intensities. The addition of coumarin to TI₂Se–Pr₂Se₃ significantly affects the characteristic parameters of diodes. Kohlrausch function is used as an appropriate way to obtain the photo charge density (ρ_{ph}) and the relaxation time constant from the photocurrent/capacitance transients. It is shown that coumarin doped chalcogenide films have a potential to obtain the photocarrier generation.

Keywords: chalcogenide films, coumarin, heterojunction, light-sensing

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