Author's Accepted Manuscript

Potentiometric Chip-based Multipumping Flow System for the Simultaneous Determination of Fluoride, Chloride, pH, and Redox potential in Water Samples

Gabriela Chango, Edwin Palacio, Víctor Cerdà



www.elsevier.com/locate/talanta

PII: S0039-9140(18)30443-0

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.talanta.2018.04.087

Reference: TAL18626

To appear in: *Talanta*

Received date: 31 December 2017 Revised date: 27 March 2018 Accepted date: 26 April 2018

Cite this article as: Gabriela Chango, Edwin Palacio and Víctor Cerdà, Potentiometric Chip-based Multipumping Flow System for the Simultaneous Determination of Fluoride, Chloride, pH, and Redox potential in Water Samples, *Talanta*, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.talanta.2018.04.087

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Potentiometric Chip-based Multipumping Flow System for the Simultaneous Determination of Fluoride, Chloride, pH, and Redox potential in Water Samples.

Gabriela Chango¹, Edwin Palacio^{1*}, Víctor Cerdà^{1,2}

¹Laboratory of Environmental Analytical Chemistry (LQA²). University of the Balearic Islands, E-07122, Palma de Mallorca, Spain.

²Sciware System, Bunyola, 07193, Spain

*Corresponding author email: victor.cerda@uib.es

Abstract

A simple potentiometric chip-based multipumping flow system (MPFS) has been developed for the simultaneous determination of fluoride, chloride, pH, and redox potential in water samples. The proposed system was developed by using a poly(methyl methacrylate) chip microfluidic-conductor using the advantages of flow techniques with potentiometric detection. For this purpose, an automatic system has been designed and built by optimizing the variables involved in the process, such as: pH, ionic strength, stirring and sample volume. This system was applied successfully to water samples getting a versatile system with an analysis frequency of 12 samples per hour. Good correlation between chloride and fluoride concentration measured with ISE and ionic chromatography technique suggests satisfactory reliability of the system.

Graphical abstract

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7676311

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7676311

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>