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7 Abstract

- 8 Pesticide residue analysis in olive oil presents difficulties due to the high amount of co-
- 9 eluted compounds resulting in high matrix effect. Different extraction/clean-up methods
- 10 including gel permeation chromatography, liquid/liquid extraction, solid-phase
- 11 extraction and other extraction methods are applied to overcome these difficulties.
- Recent approaches such as the addition of the freezing-out step and the application of
- 13 Enhanced Matrix Removal-Lipid sorbent (EMR-Lipid) are reported. Gas
- 14 chromatography and liquid chromatography coupled to mass spectrometry are
- considered the gold standard technologies covering a wide scope of pesticides. This
- review recapitulates the methods most widely used for the determination of pesticide
- 17 residues in vegetable oils. As a continuation of previous reviews, the work conducted is
- an update review of methods from 2006 in this field, evaluating their strengths and
- 19 limitations. Main analytical parameters of the different extraction procedures and
- 20 detection methods are discussed in terms of recoveries, robustness, limit of
- 21 quantification, and matrix effect.
- **Keywords:** olive oil, extraction methods, analytical methods, recoveries, LOQ, matrix
- 23 effect.

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1. Introduction

- Olive trees are prone to various diseases caused by pests, fungi and weeds. Among
- 26 those diseases that affect olive trees, there are those caused by fungi (eye of peacock,
- black mold, and verticillose) and those caused by insects (olive fly, olive moth, psyllids,
- 28 thrips, cochineal, neiroun, and leopard moth). The olive fly (*Bactrocera oleae*, Rossi) is
- 29 the main disease attacking olive trees in Mediterranean countries causing reduction of

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