Accepted Manuscript

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 PII:
 S0165-9936(16)30164-9

 DOI:
 http://dx.doi.org/doi: 10.1016/j.trac.2016.07.003

 Reference:
 TRAC 14798

To appear in: Trends in Analytical Chemistry



Please cite this article as: Karina Kocot, Katarzyna Pytlakowska, Beata Zawisza, Rafal Sitko, How to detect metal species preconcentrated by microextraction techniques?, *Trends in Analytical Chemistry* (2016), http://dx.doi.org/doi: 10.1016/j.trac.2016.07.003.

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How to detect metal species preconcentrated by microextraction techniques?

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Highlights

- Problems and limitations with detection of metal ions by spectroscopy techniques
- Current trends in preconcentration of inorganic species by microextraction
- Recent strategies used for introduction of micro-samples to spectroscopic systems

Abstract

Microextraction techniques, both liquid-liquid and solid-phase microextraction, are becoming increasingly popular as a sample pre-treatment step mainly due to their simplicity and environmental-friendliness. Nevertheless, the small amount of the sample obtained after preconcentration step requires application of special measurement techniques and/or development of different strategies used for introduction of micro-samples into spectroscopic instruments and chromatographs. In this review the most recently approaches that have been applied for introduction of micro-amounts of samples into different measurement systems are presented. Advantages and disadvantages of developed sample introduction systems as well as new achievements in these approaches are discussed in details.

Keywords: Trace analysis; Liquid-liquid microextraction; Solid phase microextraction; Dispersive micro-solid phase extraction; Speciation; Preconcentration; Spectrometry; Chromatograpy

Abbreviations

AAPTS, N-(2-aminoethyl)-3-aminopropyltrimethoxysilane; AAS, atomic absorption spectrometry; APDC, Ammonium pyrrolidinedithiocarbamate; CAR, Carboxen[™]; CME, Capillary microextraction; CNTs, Carbon nanotubes; CV-AAS, Coldvapor atomic absorption spectrometry; DDTC, Sodium diethyldithiocarbamate; DL, Detection limit; DLLME, Dispersive liquid-liquid microextraction; DMSPE, Dispersive micro-solid phase extraction; DSDME, Directly suspended droplet microextraction; DVB, Divinylbenzene; EB-DLLME, Emulsification-based dispersive liquid-liquid microextraction; EDXRF, Energy-dispersive X-ray fluorescence spectrometry; ET-AAS, Electrothermal atomic absorption spectrometry; ETV-ICP-MS, Electrothermal vaporization inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry; ETV-ICP-OES, Electrothermal vaporization inductively coupled plasma optical emission spectrometry; F-AAS, Flame atomic absorption spectrometry; FI-HG-AAS, Flow injection-hydride generation atomic absorption spectrometry; FI-ICP-MS, Flow injection-inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry; GC-ICP-MS, Gas chromatography-inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry; GC-MS, Gas chromatography-mass spectrometry; G-COOH, Carboxylated graphene; GO, Graphene oxide; GO-NH₂, Aminosilanized graphene oxide, GO-SH, Mercapto-modified graphene oxide; HF-LPME, Hollow fiber-liquid phase microextraction; HG-AAS, Hydride generation atomic absorption spectrophotometry; HPLC, High performance liquid chromatography; HSSE, Headspace sorptive extraction; HS-SPME, Headspace solid phase microextraction; ICP-MS, Inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry; ICP-OES, Inductively coupled plasma optical emission spectrometry; IL, Ionic liquid, IL-DLLME, Ionic liquid dispersive liquid-liquid microextraction; IL-LPME, Ionic liquid-liquid phase microextraction; LA-ICP-MS, Laser ablation Download English Version:

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