Accepted Manuscript

Title: Infrared spectroscopic studies on crystalline phase transition of PVDF and PVDF/Hyperbranched polyester blend ultrathin films



Author: D. Manjula Dhevi A. Anand Prabu Kap Jin Kim

PII:	S0924-2031(17)30201-1
DOI:	https://doi.org/doi:10.1016/j.vibspec.2017.12.003
Reference:	VIBSPE 2758
To appear in:	VIBSPE
Received date:	10-7-2017
Revised date:	22-11-2017
Accepted date:	8-12-2017

Please cite this article as: D.M. Dhevi, A.A. Prabu, K.J. Kim, Infrared spectroscopic studies on crystalline phase transition of PVDF and PVDF/Hyperbranched polyester blend ultrathin films, *Vibrational Spectroscopy* (2017), https://doi.org/10.1016/j.vibspec.2017.12.003

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Infrared spectroscopic studies on crystalline phase transition of PVDF and PVDF/Hyperbranched polyester blend ultrathin films

D. Manjula Dhevi^a, A. Anand Prabu^{b,*}, Kap Jin Kim^{c,**}

^a Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science & Humanities, SRM University, Kattankulathur, Kanchipuram District, Tamil Nadu State 603203, India.

^b Department of Chemistry, School of Advanced Sciences, VIT University, Vellore, Tamil Nadu State 632014, India.

^c Department of Advanced Materials Engineering for Information and Electronics, College of Engineering, Kyung Hee University, Gyeonggi-do 446-701, Republic of Korea *Corresponding author: Tel.: +91-9444686145, E-mail: anandprabu@vit.ac.in (A.A. Prabu). **Co-corresponding author: Tel.: +82-1033182518, E-mail: kjkim@khu.ac.kr (K.J. Kim).

ABSTRACT

In this study, as cast (AC, at 30 °C) and annealed (AN, at 130 °C, 3h) samples of polyvinylidene fluoride (PVDF) and PVDF/hyperbranched polyester (HBP) (90/10) blend ultrathin films were subjected to heating-cooling $(30 \rightarrow 210 \rightarrow 30 \text{ °C})$ cycle, and studied for their changes in crystalline phase transition behavior using *in-situ* Fourier transform infrared-transmission spectroscopy (FTIR-TS) and grazing incident reflection absorption spectroscopy (FTIR-GIRAS) techniques. Factor analysis was employed to extract the pure crystalline and amorphous spectra as well as the percentage content of ferroelectric crystallinity for both the samples. Irrespective of the thermal treatment (AC or AN) and spectral measurement (FTIR-TS or GIRAS) techniques, neat PVDF sample exhibited irreversible phase transitions during heating-cooling cycle associated with the transformation from ordered β -crystalline (1276 cm⁻¹) into disordered amorphous (1234 cm⁻¹) form. Interestingly, annealed PVDF/HBP blend sample measured using FTIR-GIRAS exhibited reversible crystalline phase transition behavior similar to a 'dipole memory effect' even after heating to 210 $^{\circ}$ C (>T_m) and then cooled to 30 $^{\circ}$ C. Compared to neat PVDF, higher ferroelectric crystallinity and reversible phase transition in PVDF/HBP blend may be attributed to (i) the existence of H-bonding between HBP (C=O and OH groups) and PVDF (-CH₂ and -CF₂) and/or (ii) HBP acting as a nanoparticle in PVDF matrix.

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7690976

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7690976

Daneshyari.com