Accepted Manuscript

Title: On-resin peptide ligation via C-terminus benzyl ester

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PII: S1001-8417(18)30122-0

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cclet.2018.03.021

Reference: CCLET 4482

To appear in: Chinese Chemical Letters

Received date: 8-2-2018 Revised date: 7-3-2018 Accepted date: 16-3-2018



Please cite this article as: Bin Zhou, Faridoon, Xiabo Tian, Jian Li, Donglian Guan, Xing Zheng, Yu Guo, Wei Huang, On-resin peptide ligation via C-terminus benzyl ester, Chinese Chemical Letters https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cclet.2018.03.021

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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Communication

On-resin peptide ligation via C-terminus benzyl ester

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ARTICLE INFO

Article history:
Received 8 February 2018
Received in revised form 7 March 2018
Accepted 15 March 2018
Available online

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Graphical Abstract

Here, we reported a new approach of on-resin peptide ligation using C-terminal benzyl ester as the stabilized precursor of thioester, which enables both N-terminal elongation and C-terminal peptide ligation on a Rink Amide resin.

ABSTRACT

Here, we report a new approach of on-resin peptide ligation using C-terminal benzyl ester as the stabilized precursor of thioester, which enables both N-terminal elongation and C-terminal peptide ligation on a Rink Amide resin. On-resin native chemical ligation and auxiliary-assisted peptide ligation were successfully achieved. This method is compatible to both protected and unprotected peptide fragments and has potential application in poor water-soluble peptide ligation.

Keywords:
On-resin peptide ligation
Peptide benzyl ester
Native chemical ligation
Auxiliary-assisted peptide ligation
Peptide elongation

Proteins and peptides are vital components of living organisms and play crucial roles in massive biological and physiological processes [1]. Solid phase peptide synthesis (SPPS) [2, 3] is widely applied in chemical synthesis of peptides and proteins after over 50-year development. For long peptides containing more than 50 amino acids in their sequences, native chemical ligation (NCL) [4-7] of two peptides was usually employed with C-terminal peptide thioesters and N-terminal cysteinyl peptides. Both Boc-protecting

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