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Special Column: Young Scientists at ICCAS

Editorial

A special column highlighting young scientists at Institute of Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences (ICCAS)

Zhixun Luo, Zhenzhong Yang

Chinese Academy of Sciences, State Key Laboratory for Structural Chemistry of Unstable and Stable Species, Institute of Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100190, China

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Review

Recent advances of rhenium separation and enrichment in China: Industrial processes and laboratory trials

Yin Wanga,b, Congyang Wangc,d

- a Radiochemistry Laboratory, School of Nuclear Science and Technology, Lanzhou University, Lanzhou 730000, China
- b Key Laboratory of Special Function Materials and Structure Design, Ministry of Education, Lanzhou 730000, China
- ^c Beijing National Laboratory for Molecular Sciences, CAS Key Laboratory of Molecular Recognition and Function, CAS Research/Education Center for Excellence in Molecular Sciences, Institute of Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100190, China
- ^d University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China

The recent progresses in the separation and enrichment of rhenium were reviewed in this paper, especially, the advances in China.

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Communications

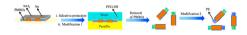
Cable-like Au@SiO₂ Janus composite nanorods

Tian-Hao Hana,b, Fu-Xin Lianga, Zhen-Zhong Yanga,b

- ^a State Key Laboratory of Polymer Physics and Chemistry, Institute of Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100190, China
- ^b University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100190, China

Cable-like ${\rm Au@SiO}_2$ Janus composite nanorods are fabricated by selectively modifying two ends of nanorods which are obtained via membrane synthesis and skiving. This method can be easily extended to other systems with varied compositions, deriving a huge family of Janus composite nanorods.

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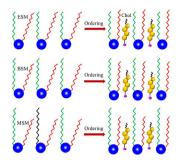
Ordering effects of cholesterol on sphingomyelin monolayers investigated by high-resolution broadband sum-frequency generation vibrational spectroscopy

Yiyi Li^{a,b}, Rongjuan Feng^a, Lu Lin^a, Minghua Liu^c, Yuan Guo^{a,b}, Zhen Zhang^a

- ^a Beijing National Laboratory for Molecular Sciences, CAS Research/Education Center for Excellence in Molecular Sciences, Institute of Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100190, China
- ^b University of Chinese Academy Sciences, Beijing 100049, China
- ^c National Center for Nanoscience and Technology, Beijing 100190, China

After adding cholesterol, the sphingosine backbones (red) of the three nature SMs become more ordered, and the N-linked acyl chain (blue) remains unaltered.

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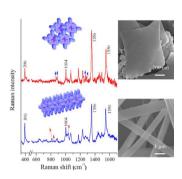
Spectroscopic identification towards tunable mesoscale aggregates of zinc tetraphenylporphyrin for materials

Pan Ana, Longtian Kangb, Zhen Tangc, Peifeng Suc, Zhixun Luoa

- ^a State Key Laboratory for Structural Chemistry of Unstable and Stable Species, Institute of Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100190, China
- b Fujian Institute of Research on the Structure of Matter Fujian, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Fuzhou 350002, China
- ^c State Key Laboratory of Physical Chemistry of Solid Surfaces, College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Xiamen University, Xiamen 361005, China

We report a spectroscopic study towards the different aggregation states involved in Zinc tetraphenylporphyrin (ZnTPP) nanorods, and nanosheets. The molecular packing behavior of ZnTPP is illustrated, and weak intermolecular interactions dominate the ZnTPP aggregates in mesoscale.

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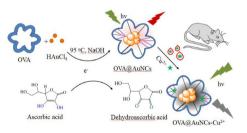
Ovalbumin-stabilized gold nanoclusters with ascorbic acid as reducing agent for detection of serum copper

Yifan Chena,c, Juan Oiaoa,b, Oianrong Liua,d, Li Oia,b

- ^a Beijing National Laboratory of Molecular Sciences, Key Laboratory of Analytical Chemistry for Living Biosystems, Institute of Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100190, China
- ^b University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China
- ^c Zhuhai College of Jilin University, Zhuhai 519041, China
- ^d Xi'an University of Science and Technology, Xi'an 710054, China

OVA@AuNCs was successfully synthesized with ascorbic acid as a reducing agent. Based on the surface electron density decrease-induced fluorescence quenching principle, the resultant fluorescent probe provided high sensitivity and selectivity for sensing rat serum copper ions.

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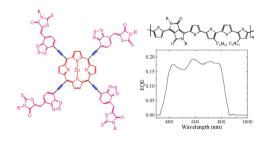
A near-infrared porphyrin-based electron acceptor for non-fullerene organic solar cells

Yiting Guo^{a,b}, Andong Zhang^{a,b}, Cheng Li^a, Weiwei Li^a, Daoben Zhu^a

- ^a Beijing National Laboratory for Molecular Sciences, CAS Key Laboratory of Organic Solids, Institute of Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100190, China
- ^b University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China

A star-shaped electron acceptor with porphyrin as core and rhodanine-benzothiadiazole as end groups linked with ethynyl units was developed for non-fullerene solar cells, in which a PCE of 1.9% with broad photo response was achieved when combining with a diketopyrrolopyrrole-polymer as electron donor.

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