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Zinc complexes of 3-pyrimidinyl-benzo-1,2,4-thiadiazine[§]

Konstantina Pringouri,¹ Muhammad U. Anwar,^{1,2} Bryce J. Leontowicz,¹ Jeremy M. Rawson¹*

¹ Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, The University of Windsor, 401 Sunset Avenue, Windsor, ON, N9B 3P4, CANADA

² University of Nizwa, Chair of Oman's Medicinal Plants and Marine Natural Products, P.O. Box 33, PC 616, Birkat Almouz, Nizwa, OMAN

Keywords: 3-pyrimidinyl-benzo-1,2,4-thiadiazine • redox active ligand • EPR spectroscopy • coordination chemistry • X-ray diffraction • zinc(II) complexes

 \S Dedicated to Prof. Spyros P. Perlepes on the occasion of his 65th birthday

ABSTRACT

The synthesis of the novel redox active ligand 3-(2',6'-pyrimidine)-benzo-1,2,4-thiadiazine (pmbtdaH) is reported. The radical pmbtda' can be prepared by in situ 1e oxidation and its radical character confirmed by EPR spectroscopy, along with DFT calculations of the spin density distribution. Reaction of pmbtdaH with ZnCl₂·2H₂O in a 1:1 mole ratio afforded the dinuclear complex Zn_2Cl_4 (pmbtdaH)₂ (1) in which the two trigonal bipyramidal metal centres are linked via µ₂-bridging Cl⁻ ligands while the pmbtdaH ligand binds in an N,N'-chelate fashion via N(4) and the pyrimidinyl N(1) atom. The outcome of the reaction of pmbtdaH with $Zn(hfac)_2$ (hfac = hexafluoroacetylacetonate) proved sensitive to the crystallization method; the mononuclear octahedral complex Zn(hfac)₂(pmbtdaH) (2) in which the ligand coordinates in a similar N,N'-chelate fashion to that observed in 1 was isolated by layering a concentrated CH₂Cl₂ solution with hexane. Conversely the same reaction mixture afforded the tetranuclear complex $Zn_4(hfac)_6(pmbtda_{ox})_2$ (3) when left undisturbed in a sealed vial. In 3 the ligand is both deprotonated and oxidized forming an anionic ligand in which there are two potential N,N'chelate pockets and an additional S-oxide donor. The pmbtda_{ox} ligand bridges between a $Zn(hfac)_2$ and a Zn(hfac) unit to form $Zn_2(hfac)_3(pmbtda_{ox})$. Two such $Zn_2(hfac)_3(pmbtda_{ox})$ units dimerise through the S-oxide oxygen atom to form a centrosymmetric tetranuclear $Zn_4(hfac)_6(pmbtda_{ox})_2$ cluster. The structures of **1** - **3** have been determined by X-ray diffraction, elemental analysis, IR and UV/vis spectroscopies as well as 1 H NMR spectroscopy for complex **2**.

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