Accepted Manuscript

Accepted date: 20-1-2016

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PII:	S0008-6215(16)30005-2
DOI:	http://dx.doi.org/doi: 10.1016/j.carres.2016.01.008
Reference:	CAR 7118
To appear in:	Carbohydrate Research
Received date:	2-10-2015
Revised date:	14-12-2015



Please cite this article as: Venerando Pistarà, Antonio Rescifina, Antonino Corsaro, 5'-spirocyclopropanated lactose derivatives as suitable intermediates for the chain elongation: synthesis of a new 6-deoxy-6-methyl δ-eptulose, *Carbohydrate Research* (2016), http://dx.doi.org/doi: 10.1016/j.carres.2016.01.008.

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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

5'-Spiro-cyclopropanated lactose derivatives as suitable intermediates for the chain elongation: synthesis of a new 6-deoxy-6-methyl δ -eptulose[†]

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Highlights

- Higher-carbon sugars have a prominent role in biological processes.
- The chain extension by cyclopropanation has not been thoroughly explored.
- Hex-5'-enopyranoside was cyclopropanated with addition of ethoxycarbonyl carbene.
- The experimental results have been rationalized with computational calculations.

Graphical Abstract



Abstract: A δ -dicarbonyl heptose has been prepared through an electrophilic ring opening procedure of a 5'-spirocyclopropanated lactose derivative. The reported synthetic procedure outlines a new route for the transformation of this renewable disaccharide into new and interesting δ -dicarbonyl sugars, synthetic precursors of cyclitols, carba- and azasugars. The experimental results of the cyclopropanation process, have been successful rationalized by *in silico* studies.

1. Introduction

Aldosuloses are a class of saccharide derivatives containing two carbonyl groups. Although poorly investigated, these interesting natural dicarbonyl monosaccharides¹ were proposed to be involved in the biosynthesis of cyclitols.²⁻⁴ Aldosuloses are also useful synthetic intermediates for the preparation of high value-added compounds such as carbasugars (*epi*-gabosine A),⁵ cyclitols (*epi*- and D-*chiro*-inositol),⁶⁻⁸ iminosugars (1-deoxynojirimicyn)⁹ and azadisaccharides.¹⁰

A general approach to aldohexos-5-uloses was developed using as key reaction the epoxidationmethanolysis reaction of 4-deoxy-hex-4-eno-¹¹⁻¹⁶ or 6-deoxy-hex-5-enopyranosides.^{17, 18} Within a project on the elaboration of 5,6-unsaturated pyranosides, in the last years, we have studied the Download English Version:

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