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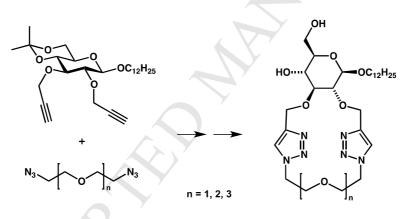
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Abstract

A series of glycolipid crown ether analogs was prepared by bis-propargylation of lauryl glycoside followed by subsequent click-coupling with ethylene glycol-based diazides. The triazole-linked macrocycles were obtained in remarkable high yields. While the surfactant assembly was affected by presence of sodium ions, suggesting the formation of complexes, no ion-selectivity was observed for the macrocylic ligands. Computational studies suggest a low but significant cation-binding activity of the macrocycle, involving coordination at both oxygen and nitrogen atoms.



Keywords: triazole-linked macrocyclic ligand, copper-catalyzed azide-alkyne cycloaddition (CuAAC), surfactant assembly, alkali complexation

Recently we proposed the incorporation of macrocyclic ligands into glycolipids to create surfactants that could enable the development of a drug-delivery system with an electrolyte-induced release mechanism.¹ However, despite decent yields in the cation-aided macrocyclization the conventional preparation of crown ethers on glycolipids is uneconomic owing to the number of required reaction steps. In order to reduce the latter, we aimed for a lately reported approach that utilizes click chemistry for an efficient cyclization of crown-ether related macrocycles.^{2,3} This concept was previously already utilized for preparation of other macrocycles.^{4,5,6} Closely following the synthetic approach of Stefaniak *et al.*³ a bispropargylated

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