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Flame retardancy effect of combined ammonium polyphosphate and aluminium diethyl phosphinate in acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene

Vera Realinho^{a*}, Laia Haurie^b, Joan Formosa^c, José Ignacio Velasco^a

^a Centre Català del Plàstic, Departament de Ciència dels Materials i Enginyeria Metal·lúrgica, Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya-Barcelona Tech, C/ Colom 114, E-08222 Terrassa, Barcelona, Spain

^b Department de Tecnologia de l'Arquitectura, Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya, Av. Dr. Marañon 44-50, E-08028 Barcelona, Spain

^c Departament de Ciència dels Materials i Química Física, Facultat de Química, Universitat de Barcelona, Martí i Franquès, 1, E-08028 Barcelona, Spain

* Corresponding author: vera.realinho@upc.edu

Abstract

The present work investigates the fire retardancy mechanism of ammonium polyphosphate (APP) and aluminium di-ethyl phosphinate salt (AlPi) in an acrylonitrilebutadiene-styrene copolymer (ABS) by analysing the pyrolysis, flammability and fire behaviour. Evidences of synergy in flammability by combining both flame retardants were discussed and related to flame retardant mechanisms assessed by means of TGA and FT-IR analysis of the pyrolysis gases. Specifically, the ABS flame retardant formulation with a 12.5 wt% APP and 12.5 wt% AlPi (ABS-APP/AlPi) reached a UL-94 V-0 classification, unlike the ABS with 25 wt% APP (ABS-APP) and ABS with 25wt% AlPi (ABS-AlPi) formulations, which completely burned. Under forced flame conditions, APP and AlPi showed, respectively, a main condensed and gas phase-based mode of action in the ABS matrix, whereas, a combined gas and condensed mode of action was identified when both additives were simultaneously incorporated. Also, the ABS-APP/AIPi formulation showed the higher reduction of the peak heat release rate (74 %) and of the maximum average rate of heat emission (65 %), obtained from cone calorimeter tests. As well as, a protective fire residue with an improved microstructure assed by SEM.

Keywords: ABS, phosphorous flame retardants, flame retardancy.

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