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## **ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT**

# Adsorption behavior of COF<sub>2</sub> and CF<sub>4</sub> gas on the MoS<sub>2</sub> monolayer doped with Ni: a first-principles study

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#### **Abstract**

 $CF_4$  and  $COF_2$  are the two main decomposition products of fluorocarbon gas insulating medium. We explored the gas sensing properties of Ni-MoS<sub>2</sub> to  $CF_4$  and  $COF_2$  based on the density functional theory calculations. The adsorption energy, charge transfer, density of states and electron density difference have been discussed. It was found that the interaction between  $COF_2$  molecule and Ni-MoS<sub>2</sub> is strong, and the adsorption energy is 0.723 eV. Ni-MoS<sub>2</sub> acts as the electron donor and transfers some electrons to  $COF_2$  molecule during the interaction. The adsorption energy of  $CF_4$  on Ni-MoS<sub>2</sub> is lower than that of  $COF_2$ , and the interaction between them belongs to physical adsorption. Ni-MoS<sub>2</sub> has the potential to be used as a gas sensor for  $COF_2$  detection using in the field of gas insulated switchgear on-line monitoring.

Keywords: COF<sub>2</sub>, CF<sub>4</sub>, Ni-MoS<sub>2</sub> monolayer, adsorption, first-principles calculation

#### 1 Introduction

SF<sub>6</sub>, which has been widely used in the power industry, is a strong greenhouse gas with the global warming potential (GWP) up to 23500 and the atmospheric lifetime of 3200 years. [1-3] In recent years, as CF<sub>3</sub>I (Trifluoroiodomethane), c-C<sub>4</sub>F<sub>8</sub> fluorocarbon gases such (Octafluorocyclobutane) have been the focus of alternative-gas research due to their excellent environmental and insulating properties [4]. In practical engineering applications, CF<sub>3</sub>I and c-C<sub>4</sub>F<sub>8</sub> may decompose to produce free radicals such as CF<sub>3</sub> and CF<sub>2</sub> in a discharge. These free radicals can react with trace water or oxygen in the devices, producing some decomposition products such as COF<sub>2</sub> and perfluorocarbons [5]. The generation of the decomposition products is closely related to the insulation status of gas insulating medium. And the formation of toxic products, COF<sub>2</sub>, not only poses a threat to the safety of maintenance personnel, but also causes corrosion to the inner wall of the equipment. Therefore, it is necessary to monitor the contents of typical decomposition products.

In recent years, two-dimensional (2D) nanosheets have gained numerous attention. In particular, 2D MoS<sub>2</sub> is proved to be a versatile material for a wide variety of applications such as nanoelectronic devices, catalysis as well as gas sensors [6-8]. Recent researches have shown that MoS<sub>2</sub> nanosheets can sensitively sense a number of molecules. *Late et al.* studied the sensing

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