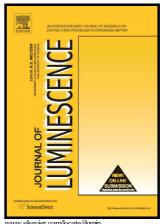
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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Spatial redistribution of photoexcited carriers in InGaN/GaN structures emitting

in a wide spectral range

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Abstract

Capabilities of pulsed mode in metalorganic chemical vapor deposition in growing

InGaN-based multiple quantum wells (QWs) emitting in a wide spectral range by

varying deposition temperatures are tested. Lowering of the temperatures for growing

short-period superlattices, which were used as templates, and the active QWs enabled

redshifting the photoluminescence peak position to 580 nm. Spatially-resolved

photoluminescence spectroscopy using confocal microscope revealed that the structures

emitting at the wavelengths longer than ~530 nm have specific features in the profile of

potential fluctuations, which are qualitatively different from those observed in the

structures emitting in blue region. The transition from the dominance of the potential

fluctuations of a small spatial scale to the prevalence of large-scale potential

fluctuations is accompanied by the considerable decrease in emission intensity.

Keywords: III-nitrides; InGaN; photoluminescence; carrier localization

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