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Sohail Ahmad, Renu Gautam, Anchal Singhal, S.M.S. Chauhan

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Significant effect of 5,10,15,20-*meso*tetraarylporphyrinatoiron(III) chloride/triflate and acidic/neutral/basic imidazolium ionic liquids in catalytic oxidation of phenols

Sohail Ahmad, Renu Gautam, Anchal Singhal* and S. M. S. Chauhan*

Department of Chemistry, University of Delhi, Delhi 110007, India

*Corresponding authors email: smschauhanchemistry@gmail.com, singhal.anchal@gmail.com

Abstract: The influence of acidic, neutral and basic ionic liquids and their binary mixture with dichloromethane on the reactivity of iron(III)porphyrins was investigated during of phenols with hydrogen peroxide catalyzed oxidation by 5,10,15,20tetraarylporphyrinatoiron(III) chloride and 5,10,15,20-tetraarylporphyrinatoiron(III) triflate. The generation of different intermediates of iron(III) porphyrin in different ILs was studied through viscosity, density, UV-Vis and ¹H NMR spectroscopy. The heterolytic cleavage efficiency of (TAP)Fe^{III}-OOH and formation of quinone using iron(III)porphyrin (TAP)Fe^{III}Cl with Cl atom as an axial ligand, is influenced by the structure of imidazolium moiety and the counteranion following the order $[(CH_2)_4SO_3HMIm]CF_3COO > [Hmim]CF_3COO > [bmim]TFA >> negligible amount in$ [bmim]CF₃SO₃, [Hmim]CF₃SO₃, [bmim]BF₄, [bmim]PF₆ and [bmim]Cl. On the other hand, the heterolytic cleavage efficiency of (TAP)Fe^{III}-OOH with iron(III)porphyrin (TAP)Fe^{III}CF₃SO₃ with triflate as an axial ligand, was found in the following order $[(CH_2)_4SO_3HMIm]CF_3SO_3 > [Hmim]CF_3SO_3 > [(CH_2)_4SO_3HMIm]CF_3COO >]$ [Hmim]CF₃COO > [bmim] CF₃COO > [bmim]PF₆ \approx [bmim]BF₄ \approx [bmim]CF₃SO₃, while epoxidation and polymerization were mainly observed in basic and neutral ILs. The reactive intermediates formed by the reaction of monooxygen donors with (TAP)Fe^{III}Cl Download English Version:

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