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Antimicrobial and Toxicological Behavior of Montmorillonite immobilized Metal Nanoparticles

Anasuya Roy ^a, Mangala Joshi^{a,*}, B S Butola^a, Sahil Malhotra^b

Highlights

- Ag and Cu NPs are deposited in situ over montmorillonite with different reductants
- Stronger reductants produce smaller NP size in presence of montmorillonite
- The nanohybrids has have excellent antimicrobial and antifungal behaviour
- The nanohybrids show compatibility with human RBC and dermal fibroblast cells

Abstract

With increasing demand for novel and potent antimicrobial agents to combat cross-infections and infectious diseases, silver and copper based nanoparticles (NPs) deposited over supports such as montmorillonite (MMT) is are playing a crucial role in shaping the current research scenario. Although materials based on Ag NP and Cu NP on MMT has have been reported, its toxicological properties on human cell lines has have not been accounted for. This paper reports a comparative study on synthesis, antibacterial, antifungal and toxicological behavior of Ag and Cu NPs deposited over MMT nanosheets synthesized by employment of different reduction media. The effect of synthesized NP-MMT hybrids on human erythrocytes and fibroblast cells has been evaluated. The NP formation was facilitated using borohydride and ethyl alcohol

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