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Multiplicity of photoluminescence in Raman spectroscopy and defect chemistry of $(Ba_{1-x}R_x)(Ti_{1-x}Ho_x)O_3$ (R = La, Pr, Nd, Sm) dielectric ceramics

Da-Yong Lu^{a,b,*}, Dong-Xue Guan^{a,c}, Hai-Bo Li^d

^a Research Center for Materials Science and Engineering, Jilin Institute of Chemical Technology, Jilin 132022, China

^b Key Laboratory for Special Functional Materials in Jilin Provincial Universities, Jilin 132022, China

^c College of Chemistry and Pharmaceutical Engineering, Jilin Institute of Chemical Technology, Jilin 132022, China

^d Key Laboratory of Functional Materials Physics and Chemistry of the Ministry of Education, Jilin Normal University,

Changchun 130103, China

*Corresponding author. Tel: +86 432 62815308; fax: +86 432 3093625 E-mail address: cninjp11232000@yahoo.com or dylu@jlict.edu.cn (D.-Y. Lu)

ABSTRACT

 $(Ba_{1-x}R_x)(Ti_{1-x}Ho_x)O_3$ (R = La, Pr, Nd, Sm; $x \ge 0.04$) (BRTH) ceramics were prepared using a mixed oxides method. The solubility limits in BRTH with R = La, Pr, Nd, Sm were determined by XRD to be x = 0.11, 0.12, 0.06, and 0.14, respectively. The ionic radius of R at Ti-site plays a decisive role in the solubility limit in BRTH. Only BRTH with R = La satisfied Vegard's law. The multiplicity of photoluminescence (PL) signals of Nd³⁺/Ho³⁺ and Sm³⁺/Ho³⁺ in Raman scattering under 532-nm excitation laser and the high-permittivity abnormality for the denser BRTH with R = Sm and at x = 0.07 were reported. The PL provided the evidence of a small number of Ho³⁺ at Ba-site in BRTH and it was determined that the number of Ba-site Ho³⁺ ions increased from 0.05 at.% at R = La to 0.19 at.% at R = Sm with increasing atomic number of light rare earth. BRTH exhibited a much broadened dielectric-temperature characteristics, marked by X5T, X6T, X7T, and X8S dielectric specifications for BRTH with R = La, Pr, Nd, Sm and at x = 0.06, respectively, and they exhibited lower dielectric loss (tan $\delta < 0.015$) at room temperature. The dielectric-peak temperature (T_m) of BRTH decreased linearly at a rate of less than -21 °C/%(R/Ho). The defect chemistry, solubility limit, lower dielectric loss, and dielectric abnormality are discussed.

Key-words: A. Powders: solid state reaction; B. Defects; B. Spectroscopy; C. Dielectric properties; D. BaTiO₃ and titanates

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