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Impact of disorder on formation of free radicals by gamma-irradiation: multi-frequency EPR

studies of trehalose polymorphs

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Abstract

Electron paramagnetic resonance (EPR) studies of the radiation-induced radicals in two anhydrous trehalose polymorphs, beta-crystalline (TRE_c) and glassy (TRE_g), were conducted with the aim to resolve whether different types of free radicals are induced in a differently disordered environment. A multifrequency approach (9.5 GHz, 94 GHz, and 244 GHz) was applied to improve the g -tensor resolution of the complex EPR spectra. In addition, the thermal stability of the EPR spectra and the respective decay kinetics were analyzed in a series of thermal annealing studies in the temperature interval from 333 K to 363 K. It was found that in the crystalline matrix the transformation process of the induced radicals is more complex than in the glassy host matrix. Qualitative decomposition of the experimental Download English Version:

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