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Structural, electronic, and magnetic properties of gas molecules on Mo-, Si-, and Pt-doped BC₃ sheets

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Abstract

In this study, based on first principles calculations, we compared the performance during the sensing of toxic gas molecules (NO, NO₂, HCN, and NH₃) by Mo, Si, and Pt dopants within BC₃ sheets (D-BC₃). Compared with the Pt-BC₃ sheet, the Si-BC₃ and Mo-BC₃ sheets exhibit a stronger affinity for the adsorption of gas molecules. The adsorbed NO and HCN had larger energy differences than those of the NO₂ and NH₃ molecules, thereby indicating that NO₂ and NH₃ could be detected readily as specific gas molecule on the D-BC₃ substrates. In addition, the adsorption of gas molecules induced great changes in the electronic structure and magnetic properties of the D-BC₃ systems. In particular, the adsorption of NO on the Pt-BC₃ and Si-BC₃ substrates yielded a larger magnetic moment (2.0 u_B) than those when the other gases were adsorbed on D-BC₃ sheets. These results may facilitate control over the adsorption properties of toxic gas molecules and the design of BC₃-based gas sensors or spintronic devices.

Keywords: Adsorption stability; Electronic structure; First principles calculations; Graphene-like BC₃; Magnetic property;

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