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## Hydrothermal synthesis of TiO<sub>2</sub> nanorods arrays on ITO

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## Abstract

Here we report a self-induced catalyst-free preparation of TiO<sub>2</sub> nanorods arrays by hydrothermal method. TiCl<sub>4</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>O, and HCl were used as the titanium precursor, oxygen source, and inhibitors, respectively. TiO<sub>2</sub> nanorods arrays were successfully formed on the ITO conductive film with high density. SEM results showed that the quadrate nanorods were approximately 2  $\mu$ m long and quadrate side length was about 50-230 nm. The TiO<sub>2</sub> nanorods grow along perpendicular to the [101] direction of the tetragonal anatase TiO<sub>2</sub> crystal from the bottom with the tip being pushed upwards. The contact angel of TiO<sub>2</sub> nanorods after ultraviolet irradiation was under to 0°, and which exhibited excellent hydrophilic property. After 2 h photocatalytic reaction, the degradation rate of acid red and methyl orange could reach to 92.83% and 97.89%, respectively. The degradation rate of methyl orange and acid red still remained at 88% and 85% after 10 cycles, respectively. These results showed that TiO<sub>2</sub> nanorods have great photocatalytic capability.

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