Accepted Manuscript

Spin-polarized currents in a two-terminal double quantum ring driven by magnetic fields and Rashba spin-orbit interaction

E. Dehghan, D. Sanavi Khoshnoud, A.S. Naeimi

PII: \$1386-9477(17)31656-9

DOI: 10.1016/j.physe.2018.02.017

Reference: PHYSE 13056

To appear in: Physica E: Low-dimensional Systems and Nanostructures

Received Date: 28 October 2017
Revised Date: 5 January 2018
Accepted Date: 16 February 2018

Please cite this article as: E. Dehghan, D.S. Khoshnoud, A.S. Naeimi, Spin-polarized currents in a two-terminal double quantum ring driven by magnetic fields and Rashba spin-orbit interaction, *Physica E: Low-dimensional Systems and Nanostructures* (2018), doi: 10.1016/j.physe.2018.02.017.

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Spin-polarized currents in a two-terminal double quantum ring driven by

magnetic fields and Rashba spin-orbit interaction

E. Dehghan¹, D. Sanavi Khoshnoud¹, A.S. Naeimi^{2,*}

^aDepartment of Physics, Semnan University, Semnan 35195-363, Iran

^bDepartment of Physics, Aliabad Katoul Branch, Islamic Azad University, Aliabad Katoul, Iran

Abstract

Aim of this study is to investigate spin transportation in double quantum ring

(DQR). We developed an array of DQR to measure the transmission coefficient

and analyze the spin transportation through this system in the presence of Rashba

spin-orbit interaction (RSOI) and magnetic flux estimated using S-matrix method.

In this article, we compute the spin transport and spin-current characteristics

numerically as functions of electron energy, angles between the leads, coupling

constant of the leads, RSOI, and magnetic flux. Our results suggest that, for typical

values of the magnetic flux (ϕ/ϕ_0) and Rashba constant (α_R) , such system can

demonstrates many spintronic properties. It is possible to design a new geometry of

DOR by incoming electrons polarization in a way to optimize the system to work

as a spin-filtering and spin-inverting nano-device with very high efficiency. The

Corresponding author. Tel: +981734222300; fax: +981734224500

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7933313

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7933313

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>