Author's Accepted Manuscript

Study of Long-Term Biocompatibility and Bio-Safety of Implantable Nanogenerators

Jun Li, Lei Kang, Yanhao Yu, Yin Long, Justin J. Jeffery, Weibo Cai, Xudong Wang



 PII:
 S2211-2855(18)30497-X

 DOI:
 https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nanoen.2018.07.008

 Reference:
 NANOEN2875

To appear in: Nano Energy

Received date: 28 May 2018 Revised date: 1 July 2018 Accepted date: 5 July 2018

Cite this article as: Jun Li, Lei Kang, Yanhao Yu, Yin Long, Justin J. Jeffery, Weibo Cai and Xudong Wang, Study of Long-Term Biocompatibility and Bio-Safety of Implantable Nanogenerators, *Nano Energy*, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nanoen.2018.07.008

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Study of Long-Term Biocompatibility and Bio-Safety of Implantable Nanogenerators

Jun Li,^{1,†} Lei Kang,^{2,3,†} Yanhao Yu,¹ Yin Long,¹ Justin J. Jeffery,⁶ Weibo Cai^{2,4,5,6,*}, Xudong

Wang^{1,*}

¹Department of Materials Science and Engineering, University of Wisconsin-Madison, WI,

53706, USA

²Department of Radiology, University of Wisconsin - Madison, WI, 53705, USA

³Department of Nuclear Medicine, Peking University First Hospital, Beijing, 100034, China

⁴Department of Medical Physics, University of Wisconsin - Madison, Madison, WI, 53705, USA

⁵School of Pharmacy, University of Wisconsin - Madison, Madison, WI, 53705, USA

⁶University of Wisconsin Carbone Cancer Center, Madison, WI, 53705, USA

xudong.wang@wisc.edu (XW);

WCai@uwhealth.org (WC)

Abstract

Implantable nanogenerator (i-NG) has shown great promises for enabling self-powered implantable medical devices (IMDs). One essential requirement for practical i-NG applications is its long-term bio-compatibility and bio-safety. This paper presents a systematic study of polydimethylsiloxane (PDMS) and PDMS/Parylene-C packaged Polyvinylidene fluoride (PVDF) NGs implanted inside female ICR (Institute of Cancer Research) mice for up to six months. The PVDF NG had a stable in vitro output of 0.3 V when bended for 7200 cycles and an in vivo output of 0.1V under stretching. Multiple advanced imaging techniques, including computed tomography (CT), ultrasound, and photoacoustic were used to characterize the embedded i-NGs

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7952367

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7952367

Daneshyari.com