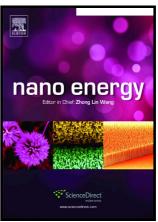
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www.elsevier.com/locate/nanoenergy

PII: S2211-2855(18)30174-5

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nanoen.2018.03.036

Reference: NANOEN2584

To appear in: Nano Energy

Received date: 25 November 2017 Revised date: 7 March 2018 Accepted date: 11 March 2018

Cite this article as: Yongling An, Huifang Fei, Guifang Zeng, Xiaoyan Xu, Lijie Ci, Baojuan Xi, Shenglin Xiong, Jinkui Feng and Yitai Qian, Vacuum Distillation Derived 3D Porous Current Collector for Stable Lithium—Metal Batteries, *Nano Energy*, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nanoen.2018.03.036

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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Vacuum Distillation Derived 3D Porous Current Collector

for Stable Lithium-Metal Batteries

Yongling An^a, Huifang Fei^a, Guifang Zeng^a, Xiaoyan Xu^a, Lijie Ci^a, Baojuan Xi^b,

Shenglin Xiong^b, Jinkui Feng^{a*}, Yitai Qian^b

^aSDU & Rice Joint Center for Carbon Nanomaterials, Key Laboratory for Liquid-

Solid Structural Evolution & Processing of Materials (Ministry of Education), School

of Materials Science and Engineering, Shandong University, Jinan 250061, China.

^bSchool of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Shandong University, Jinan 250100,

P. R. China

*Corresponding author: jinkui@sdu.edu.cn

Abstract

Lithium metal has been considered as the most ideal anode in lithium based batteries due to its high specific theoretical capacity and lowest working potential. Nevertheless, the growth of dendritic or mossy Li, the crush of solid electrolyte interface (SEI) layer and the successive reactions between the fresh Li metal and electrolytes hinder the commercialization of Li metal anode. In this paper, we utilize an environmental-friendly and low-cost one-step facile vacuum distillation approach to fabricate the 3D porous Cu current collector from commercial brass foil (Cu–Zn alloy) for Li metal anodes. The continuous porous 3D Cu skeleton is obtained after the vacuum distillated the low boiling point Zn (907 °C) component. The voids of the 3D porous copper can be easily regulated by adjusting the distillation temperature and time. As a current collector, the as-prepared 3D porous copper can inhibit the growth

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