Author's Accepted Manuscript

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PII:S0921-5093(17)31364-3DOI:https://doi.org/10.1016/j.msea.2017.10.047Reference:MSA35650

To appear in: Materials Science & Engineering A

Received date: 11 May 2017 Revised date: 15 September 2017 Accepted date: 15 October 2017

Cite this article as: Hanghang Liu, Paixian Fu, Hongwei Liu, Chen Sun, Xiaoping Ma and Dianzhong Li, Microstructure evolution and mechanical properties in 718H pre-hardened mold steel during tempering, *Materials Science & Engineering A*, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.msea.2017.10.047

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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Microstructure evolution and mechanical properties in 718H pre-hardened mold steel during tempering

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Abstract: The effects of tempering temperature on the microstructure and mechanical properties of 718H pre-hardened mold steel were investigated. After normalizing and quenching treatments, seven specimens were tempered at a temperature in the range of 500 to 650°C for two hours. After heat treatments, the tempered microstructures were characterized by X-ray diffraction, scanning electron microscopy (SEM), and transmission electron microscopy. In addition, the phase identification and microchemistry of tempered carbides were performed by the physicochemical phase analysis method; then the precipitation sequence of tempered carbides was examined in detail by transmission electron microscopy and selected area electron diffraction patterns. Results indicate that the yield strength, ultimate tensile strength, and the hardness decrease; in contrast, impact energy increases with the increase in tempering temperature. The influence of tempered carbides, the recovery of the martensite lath, the dislocation density, and the grain structure. Furthermore, a more

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