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Mechanical Properties and Microstructure of Laser Welded Ti-6Al-2Sn-4Zr-2Mo

(Ti6242) Titanium Alloy

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Abstract

Room temperature tensile properties and microhardness of a laser welded Ti-6Al-2Sn-4Zr-2Mo

(Ti6242) titanium alloy sheet were examined and correlated to the microstructure evolution

across the weld. Tensile testing integrated with the optical image correlation Instron® system

indicated that the average yield strength (YS), ultimate tensile strength (UTS), and total

elongation of the weldment were respectively 88 %, 87 %, and 69 % of the corresponding base

material (BM) values. Electron probe microanalysis (EPMA) demonstrated a uniform

distribution of the main alloying elements across the weld. The hardness raised increasingly from

the BM toward the heat affected zone (HAZ) and the fusion zone (FZ) due to mainly a higher α

volume fraction in HAZ and acicular α ' martensite formation in the FZ. Because of the higher

hardness of the HAZ and FZ, a higher YS for the weldment relative to the BM would be

expected. However, the lower YS as well as the lower UTS of the weldment can be explained by

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