Accepted Manuscript

Titania and nitrogen-doped carbon co-modification: Their synergic effects on the electrochemical performance of LiFePO $_4$

Jiayuan Shi, Xiaoqing Zhang, Xiaokun Zhang, Yong Xiang

PII: S0925-8388(18)30713-8

DOI: 10.1016/j.jallcom.2018.02.226

Reference: JALCOM 45102

To appear in: Journal of Alloys and Compounds

Received Date: 7 November 2017

Revised Date: 16 January 2018

Accepted Date: 18 February 2018

Please cite this article as: J. Shi, X. Zhang, X. Zhang, Y. Xiang, Titania and nitrogen-doped carbon comodification: Their synergic effects on the electrochemical performance of LiFePO₄, *Journal of Alloys and Compounds* (2018), doi: 10.1016/j.jallcom.2018.02.226.

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



Titania and nitrogen-doped carbon co-modification: their synergic effects on the electrochemical performance of LiFePO₄

Jiayuan Shi, Xiaoqing Zhang, Xiaokun Zhang, Yong Xiang*

*Corresponding author. Tel.: +86 028 61831079

E-mail address: xyg@uestc.edu.cn (Y. Xiang)

School of Energy Science and Engineering, University of Electronic Science and Technology of China, 2006 Xiyuan Ave, West High-Tech Zone, Chengdu, Sichuan 611731, China

Abstract

TiO₂ and N-doped carbon co-modified LiFePO₄ composites (LFP-TiO₂-C-N) have been successfully synthesized by using tetrabutyl titanate (TBOT) and dopamine (DPA) as titanium and N-doped carbon sources, respectively. The LiFePO₄ modification is performed by dopamine polymerization in the alkaline environment supplied by the TBOT hydrolyzation process. The resulting LFP-TiO₂-C-N materials are characterized by EDS, XPS, TG, ICP and HRTEM to confirm the close adhesion of TiO₂ nanoparticles and N-doped carbon layers on the LiFePO₄ surfaces. The charge–discharge tests demonstrate that the LFP-TiO₂-C-N composites deliver a superior initial capacity of 165.3 mAh·g⁻¹ at 0.1 C and high rate performance with discharge capacities of 145 mAh·g⁻¹ at 1 C and 124 mAh·g⁻¹ at 2 C. The LFP-TiO₂-C-N composites can retain 99.4% of the initial capacity after 50 cycles at 1 C, revealing a stable cycling stability. Therefore, the synergistic growth of TiO₂ and N-doped carbon on the LFP surface could result in the synergic improvement in the electrochemical performance of cathode.

Keywords

LiFePO₄; Nitrogen-doped carbon; Titania; co-modification; Lithium-ion battery

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7991778

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7991778

Daneshyari.com