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A physically-based constitutive modelling of a high strength aluminum alloy at hot working conditions

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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

1	A physically-based constitutive modelling of a high strength aluminum alloy at
2	hot working conditions
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12	Abstract: The hot deformation behavior of a high strength aluminum alloy
13	(Al-Zn-Mg-Cu) was studied by isothermal hot compression tests performed over a
14	range of temperatures (350~490 °C) and strain rates (0.001~1 s ⁻¹). A constitutive
15	equation was established using experimental results to predict the flow stress of the
16	alloy under elevated temperature. In the work hardening-dynamic recovery regime, a
17	physically-based constitutive equation for the flow stress was obtained from the
18	stress-dislocation relation. In the subsequent dynamic recrystallization region, the
19	flow stress after the peak was predicted by employing the kinematics of the dynamic
20	recrystallization in the constitutive model. The stress-strain curves of the alloy
21	predicted by the established models were in good agreement with experimental results.
22	The results indicate that the proposed physically-based constitutive equation can
23	accurately predict the flow behavior of the Al-Zn-Mg-Cu alloy.

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