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Gehlenite nanobioceramic: sol-gel synthesis, characterization, and in vitro assessment

of its bioactivity

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Abstract

The aim of this study is to develop new synthesis method for preparation of pure phase

gehlenite (Geh, Ca₂Al₂SiO₇) nanobioceramic via sol-gel method and explore it's in vitro

bioactivity to be applied in bone tissue regeneration. The XRD and TEM results show that

single-phase Geh with diameters approximately less than 100 nm is obtained successfully

by this method. In vitro bioactivity tests that are conducted by immersing the samples in

simulated body fluid (SBF) under physiological conditions at different time intervals,

confirmed that Geh nanobioceramic has high bioactivity and apatite is grown rapidly on

the surface of Geh disc after immersion in SBF. The present study proposes Geh as a

promising biomaterial for bone tissue regeneration.

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