Accepted Manuscript

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PII: S0167-577X(18)30208-8

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.matlet.2018.02.009

Reference: MLBLUE 23835

To appear in: Materials Letters

Received Date: 11 September 2017 Revised Date: 1 February 2018 Accepted Date: 4 February 2018



Please cite this article as: X. Xin, X. Jin, Y. Wang, J. Yuan, J. Shen, Sulfobetainized biocomposite mats with improved biocompatibility and antifouling property, *Materials Letters* (2018), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.matlet. 2018.02.009

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Sulfobetainized biocomposite mats with improved biocompatibility and

antifouling property

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Abstract

Sulfobetaine precursor of poly(BMA-co-DMAEMA) copolymer was first prepared by free radical

polymerization of butyl methacrylate(BMA) and N,N-dimethylamino-2-ethyl methacrylate

(DMAEMA) monomers. Then, the copolymer was coelectrospun with polyurethane to afford

polyurethane/poly(BMA-co-DMAEMA) composite mats. The resultant mats were subsequently

sulfobetainized to form zwitterions. The structure and morphology of mats were evaluated by

ATR-FTIR, XPS, and SEM. The hemocompatibility and antifouling property of mats were

preliminarily investigated by protein adsorption, platelet adhesion, and bacterial adhesion. The

results indicated that the zwitterionic biocomposite mats could suppress protein adsorption,

platelet adhesion, antibacterial adhesion as well as non-cytotoxicity.

Keywords: Electrospinning, Sulfobetaine, Hemocompatibility, Antifouling

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