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A novel Cu(OH)₂ coated filter paper with superhydrophobicity for the efficient

separation of water-in-oil emulsions

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Abstract: A novel filter paper (FP) with superhydrophobicitiy and superoleophilicity was prepared via adsorption and immersion process for the separation of surfactant-stabilized water-in-oil emulsions. The realization of superhydrophobicity with a water contact angle of 153° benefits from the Cu(OH)₂ nanostructure formed on FP and subsequent stearic acid (STA) modification. The three-dimensional network of FP as well as superhydrophobic and superoleophilic property can facilitate the demulsification of emulsified oil, thus the only gravity-driven separations of various water-in-oil emulsions with high oil flux and good recyclability have been achieved. The superhydrophobic FP can be massively applied in emulsion separation due to its facile preparation and superior performance.

Keywords: Surfaces; Cu(OH)₂; Microstructure; Superhydrophobicity; Water-in-oil emulsion

1. Introduction

With the increasing discharge of oily wastewater and oil spill accidents, the separation of emulsified oil/water mixtures, especially surfactant-stabilized emulsions, has become an urgent problem since they cause serious damage to environment and human survival [1,2]. Superhydrophobic materials have been extensively applied for oil/water separation, such as metal

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