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Ultrasensitive Detection of a 1-Pyrenecarboxylic Acid by surface enhanced Raman scattering Hot Spot with reduced graphene oxide/silver nanoparticles composites

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Abstract: This manuscript demonstrated a simple and efficient method to detect 1pyrenecarboxylic acid dissolved in water solution at nanoscale level via surface enhanced Raman Scattering Hot Spot with reduced graphene oxide/silver nanoparticles (Ag-NPs) nanocomposites (RGO/Ag-NPs). Ag-NPs were attached *in situ* onto RGO surface with different concentrations of AgNO₃ in the presence of aqueous solution of 1pyrenecarboxylic acid. The morphology and structures of the as-prepared samples were characterised with FT-IR, UV-VIS absorption, DLS, Zeta potentials, Raman spectroscopy, TEM and XRD. At higher AgNO₃ concentration, Ag-NPs get aggregated onto the surface of RGO and created surface enhanced Raman spectroscopy (SERS) Hot spot which detect 1pyrenecarboxylic acid due to the greatly enhanced electromagnetic field. This novel concept can be extended for sensing different water pollutants including polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons and benzene derivatives.

Keywords: Graphene oxide, SERS, Hot Spot, 1-Pyrenecarboxylic acid

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