

Accepted Manuscript

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PII: S0257-8972(18)30193-2
DOI: [doi:10.1016/j.surfcoat.2018.02.067](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.surfcoat.2018.02.067)
Reference: SCT 23138
To appear in: *Surface & Coatings Technology*
Received date: 15 November 2017
Revised date: 31 January 2018
Accepted date: 18 February 2018

Please cite this article as: Shih-Chen Shi, Jhen-Yu Wu , Deagglomeration and tribological properties of MoS₂/hydroxypropyl methylcellulose composite thin film. The address for the corresponding author was captured as affiliation for all authors. Please check if appropriate. Sct(2017), doi:[10.1016/j.surfcoat.2018.02.067](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.surfcoat.2018.02.067)

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Deagglomeration and tribological properties of MoS₂/Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose
composite thin film

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Abstract

This study analyzed the properties of MoS₂ and HPMC as a green tribological film. An additive-reinforced biopolymer composite film with good substrate coverage was obtained using highly viscous HPMC polymers as the base material of the composite material, which simultaneously provides tribological properties and acts as a dispersant that evenly disperses the additive (MoS₂ particles). The results of surface morphology observations, EDS mapping, and Raman analysis demonstrated the uniform dispersion of MoS₂ particles within the composite film. Optimal tribological performance can be obtained when the MoS₂ particles have good coverage and are evenly dispersed.

Keyword: Deagglomeration; tribology; MoS₂; HPMC; lubricant; biopolymer; composite

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