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Nanomechanical properties of ion induced Si ripple patterns

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Abstract

We report the nano-mechanical properties of ion beam induced physicochemically periodic

nanostructured silicon surfaces. The periodic nano-ripple structures are developed by 8 keV

nitrogen ion (N⁺) bombardment at an oblique angle. During structure formation the nitrogen

atoms are preferentially implanted at one side of the ripples, resulting in a chemical periodicity

following the morphological period. X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy measurements of N⁺

bombarded Si surface show that the implanted nitrogen atoms form silicon nitride at the

implanted zones. Atomic force microscopy height measurement shows the periodic ripple

structure while the force distance curve at every point reveals spatially resolved periodic

modulus and adhesion properties due to site-selective nitrogen implantation and subsequent

nitride formation.

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