Accepted Manuscript

Development of Ionic Liquid Ion Source with Porous Emitter for Surface Modification

Mitsuaki Takeuchi, Takuya Hamaguchi, Hiromichi Ryuto, Gikan H. Takaoka

PII: S0168-583X(13)00657-5

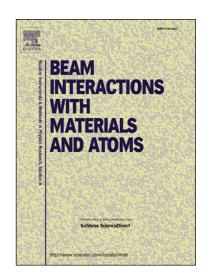
DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.nimb.2013.05.065

Reference: NIMB 59611

To appear in: Nucl. Instr. and Meth. in Phys. Res. B

Received Date: 30 November 2012

Revised Date: 1 May 2013



Please cite this article as: M. Takeuchi, T. Hamaguchi, H. Ryuto, G.H. Takaoka, Development of Ionic Liquid Ion Source with Porous Emitter for Surface Modification, *Nucl. Instr. and Meth. in Phys. Res. B* (2013), doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.nimb.2013.05.065

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Development of Ionic Liquid Ion Source with Porous Emitter for Surface Modification

Mitsuaki Takeuchi, Takuya Hamaguchi, Hiromichi Ryuto, and Gikan H. Takaoka

Kyotodaigaku-Katsura, Nishikyo-ku, Kyoto 615-8510, Kyoto University, Japan

Abstract

Ionic liquid (IL) ion sources with three different emitter tip materials, stainless steel, tungsten and graphite were developed and examined on ion beam characteristics with respect to its ILs wettability. It was observed that EMIM-BF₄ ion beam produces mostly single cations or anions for positive or negative modes respectively, and exhibits a few cation-anion pairs attached with a cation or an anion. On the other hand, the main content of the BMIM-PF₆ ion beam was the cation-anion pairs while the single ions were minor components. As a result of ion current measurements, the largest and the most stable emission current were obtained for the graphite emitter tip. The results indicate that the emitter wettability likely plays an important role in the current stability.

Keywords: ion source, ionic liquid, wettability, graphite tip, field emission

1. Introduction

Polyatomic ion beam processes have important characteristics such as equivalently high currents, shallow implantation depths, and low implantation damages. In the past decade, ionic liquid ion sources (ILIS) have

Preprint submitted to NIMB

July 3, 2013

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8042543

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/8042543

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>