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Improvement of the mechanical behavior of the calcium phosphate coatings deposited onto Ti₆Al₄V alloy using an intermediate TiN/TiO₂ bilayer

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Improvement of the mechanical behavior of the calcium phosphate coatings deposited onto Ti₆Al₄V alloy using an intermediate TiN/TiO₂ bilayer.

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Abstract

Calcium phosphate coatings (CaPO₄) are widely used in the manufacture of diverse types of osseous implants. However, the CaPO₄ deposited by most manufacturing methods presents low adhesion and low crystallinity, which makes it difficult to apply immediately without further treatments. In this research, adherent and crystalline TiN/TiO₂/HA coatings were deposited onto Ti6Al4V alloy substrates without the necessity of carrying out additional treatments of the coated samples. The reactive magnetron sputtering technique was used for the deposition of the coatings applying a 13.56 MHz rf power of 650 W to the HA target and a DC power of 1.2 kW to Ti target (99,9% of purity). The compositional and microstructural analysis of synthetized coatings were performed using FTIR, microraman, XRD, SEM/EDS and AFM characterization techniques. The hardness, elastic modulus and adhesion of individual coatings were studied and analyzed using nanoindentation and scratch tests in order to elucidate the effects of these on the adhesion of the composite coatings. It was found that the deposited HA coatings have a crystalline structure obtained by appropriate adjustment of the deposition parameters without requiring a posterior heat treatment. Also the inclusion of the TiN/TiO₂- bilayer improved the adhesion strength of the whole coating system.

Keywords: calcium phosphate, biocompatible coatings, heat treatment, adhesion and crystallinity.

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