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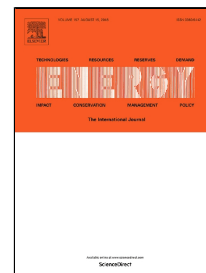
Thermodynamic and economic analysis of the integration of Organic Rankine Cycle and Multi-Effect Distillation in waste-heat recovery applications

A. Baccioli, M. Antonelli, U. Desideri, A. Grossi

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A. Baccioli, M. Antonelli, U. Desideri, A. Grossi.

Department of Energy, System, Territory and Construction
University of Pisa, Pisa, Italy

e-mail: andrea.baccioli@unipi.it

ABSTRACT

The coupling of a small-scale Multi-Effect Distillation system for seawater desalination with a waste heat recovery Organic Rankine Cycle was studied. Two configurations were analysed: a hybrid serial-cascade and a cascade configuration. The heat source was a generic waste heat flow at at 200°C. Four sizes were considered for the Multi-Effect Distillation, from 500 to 2000 m³/day. The second law efficiency decreased with the desalination unit size for the hybrid configuration, while presented a maximum value in size range 500-2000m³ for the cascade configuration. For the serial-hybrid configuration, the second law efficiency decreased from 43.1% to 15.5% when passing from a Multi-Effect Distillation size of 500 m³/day to 2000 m³/day, while for the cascade the values had a reduced variation between 26.2 and 21.4 %. The economic analysis showed that the hybrid configuration reduced to a serial configuration, which was largely more profitable. Moreover, when the size of the Multi-Effect Distillation was smaller, the investment could be convenient also for a water price of 0.8 \$/m³, and the profitability index in some configurations reached 2.4 with this water price. In most of the cases, the coupling with an Organic Rankine Cycle improved the investment and reduced the payback time.

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