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Hybrid Auto-cascade Refrigeration System Coupled with a Heat-Driven Ejector Cooling Cycle

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7 Abstract: The hybrid auto-cascade refrigeration system with an integrated ejector cooling cycle 8 (HACRS) driven by high-grade power and low-grade heat simultaneously is developed in this paper. The 9 working fluid applied in the system is a zeotropic refrigerant mixture of R170/R600a. The heat-driven 10 ejector cooling cycle is employed to the auto-cascade refrigeration cycle to form a novel hybrid 11 auto-cascade refrigeration system coupled with an ejector cycle (HACRS). The ejector is applied to 12 increase the suction pressure of the compressor, and cooling capacity from the ejector cycle is also 13 utilized by the evaporative-condenser and dephlegmator in the HACRS. The system performance is 14 evaluated, based on the mathematical model of the system from the principle of mass and energy 15 conservation. The results indicate that energy consumption of the compressor in HACRS could be 16 reduced by 50% as compared to that in the conventional auto-cascade refrigeration cycle (ACRC). The 17 HACRS can use the heat-driven ejector cycle and the recovery of exhaust waste heat of the compressor 18 to improve its mechanical coefficient of performance (COP_{me}) effectively.

19 Keywords: Auto-cascade refrigeration; Ejector; Compression ratio; Entrainment ratio; Coefficient of

20

performance (COP)

Nomenclature	
HACRS	Hybrid auto-cascade refrigeration system
ACRC	Conventional auto-cascade refrigeration cycle

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