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Mutual information for Evaluating Renewable Power Penetration Impacts in a Distributed Generation System



Yu Luo, Yixiang Shi, Yi Zheng, Zhongxue Gang, Ningsheng Cai

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Penetration Impacts in a Distributed Generation System

Yu Luo^a, Yixiang Shi^{*, a}, Yi Zheng^a, Zhongxue Gang^b, Ningsheng Cai^a

a. Key Laboratory for Thermal Science and Power Engineering of Ministry of Education,

Department of Thermal Engineering, Tsinghua University, Beijing 100084, China

6 b. ENN Science & Technology Development Co., Ltd, Langfang 065001, Hebei Province, China

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8 ABSTRACT

Renewable energy (RE) is regarded as the main part of the primary energy in the 9 forthcoming "energy internet". However, the intermittence and variability of renewable 10 energy limit its present penetration. To study the effect of the renewable energy 11 penetration on power supply and demand, a dynamic distributed multi-energy 12 generation system combining RE, natural gas (NG) and energy storage was built based 13 on the semi-physical model library. The model library consisted of four key links of a 14 distributed generation system: a generation link, storage link, recycle link and user-load 15 link. Simulation indicated that the responses of a reversible solid oxide fuel cell (RSOC) 16 and Li-ion battery were faster than that of a gas internal combustion engine (GICE). 17 Furthermore, a novel indicator based on the mutual information was applied in a 18 distributed generation system coupling RE, NG and energy storage. The results showed 19 that the indicator was applicable for evaluating power balance degree and device 20 capacity selection. Based on the indicator, it was found that the power balance degree 21

^{*} Corresponding author. Tel.: +86-10-62789955; Fax: +86-10-62789955. Email: shyx@tsinghua.edu.cn.

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