Accepted Manuscript

Information linkage, dynamic spillovers in prices and volatility between the carbon and energy markets

Cleaner Production

Qiang Ji, Dayong Zhang, Jiang-bo Geng

PII: S0959-6526(18)32111-5

DOI: 10.1016/j.jclepro.2018.07.126

Reference: JCLP 13580

To appear in: Journal of Cleaner Production

Received Date: 09 May 2018

Accepted Date: 11 July 2018

Please cite this article as: Qiang Ji, Dayong Zhang, Jiang-bo Geng, Information linkage, dynamic spillovers in prices and volatility between the carbon and energy markets, *Journal of Cleaner Production* (2018), doi: 10.1016/j.jclepro.2018.07.126

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Information linkage, dynamic spillovers in prices and volatility between the carbon and energy markets

Qiang Jia,b, Dayong Zhangc, Jiang-bo Gengd*

- ^a Business School, Shandong Normal University, Jinan, Shandong, 250014, China
 - b School of Public Policy and Management, University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China
 - ^c Research Institute of Economics and Management Southwestern University of Finance and Economics, Chengdu, China
- ^d School of Finance, Zhongnan University of Economics and Law, Wuhan 430073, China

Abstract: The European Union Emissions Trading System (EU ETS) has strengthened the information flow and connection between carbon market and energy markets, which makes the carbon-energy system more complicated. This paper investigates information linkages and dynamic spillover effects between the carbon and energy markets. We adopt a systemic time-series approach to study connectedness in both returns and volatility in the carbon-energy system. Moreover, a rolling-windows method is used to show the dynamic features. Empirical results show that Brent oil prices play an important role in affecting carbon price changes and risks. Feedback exists from the carbon market to other energy markets, and electricity prices are shown to be the biggest information receiver in the system. It is also shown that the level of connectedness in the volatility system is substantially higher than that in the returns system. Our results can provide useful implications for policymakers to design market mechanisms and market investors to manage their portfolios.

_

^{*}Corresponding author, associate professor at the School of Finance, Zhongnan University of Economics and Law. Email: jiangbog@zuel.edu.cn.

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8093636

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/8093636

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>