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What is the true value of food waste? A case study of technology

integration in urban food waste treatment in Suzhou City, China

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Abstract

Food waste has the potential to be a valuable resource if disposed of correctly, meaning that

treatment technology and the utilization of the recycled product based on sustainable criteria are

important. There is a need to build up a comprehensive technology assessment method to find a

reasonable management approach for developing countries such as China. Much of the food

waste produced in China is disposed of via landfills, processed into animal feed, or re-processed

into waste oil. In response, the Chinese government has established food waste treatment pilot

projects in 100 cities. This study evaluates the economics and environmental performance of one

such pilot project in Suzhou City, Jiangsu Province, from a technology integration perspective.

By integrating multiple food waste treatment technologies, this project had an average daily

energy output of 27,500 m³ of biogas and 30 tonnes per day (tpd) of biodiesel in 2013, and can

reach a daily net profit of 82,055 Chinese Yuan under normal operation.

Keywords: Food waste; sustainability; biodiesel; biogas; Suzhou.

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