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Roozbeh Rafati, Sean Robert Smith, Amin Sharifi Haddad, Rizky Novara, Hossein Hamidi

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Effect of Nanoparticles on the Modifications of Drilling Fluids Properties: A Review of Recent Advances

3 Roozbeh Rafati*, Sean Robert Smith, Amin Sharifi Haddad, Rizky Novara,
4 Hossein Hamidi

5 School of Engineering, University of Aberdeen, Aberdeen, United Kingdom

6

7 Abstract

8 Production from unconventional hydrocarbon resources, such as shale gas, shale oil, 9 deepwater and arctic reservoirs requires advanced drilling and extraction technologies. 10 Furthermore, minimizing the environmental footprints associated with oil recovery processes 11 are critical. Nanotechnology has been shown promising solutions to overcome such issues in 12 oil and gas industry. Many studies have been conducted to analyse the enhancement of drilling fluids through the use of nanotechnology. In these studies modification of 13 14 rheological, filtration, and heat transfer properties and friction reduction associated with 15 drilling fluids have been investigated. They also showed that nanoparticles can improve fluid 16 thermal stability, provide better lubricity, hole cleaning and wellbore stability, and mitigate 17 hydrates formation within the fluid circulation system. This manuscript aims to analyse the 18 outcomes of these studies and improvements that were observed for the application of 19 nanoparticles in drilling fluids. This review provides the investigators with a detailed 20 overview and comparison of the recent advancements in the field of drilling fluids and 21 nanotechnology.

22

23 Keywords

24 Drilling Fluids, Nanoparticles, Rheological Properties, Filtration, Friction Reduction

25

26 Introduction

Use of nanotechnology in oil and gas industry has been improved rapidly over last decades. Adding nanoparticles (NPs), because of their very ultrafine size (<100 nm) and high surface area to volume ratio, allow engineers to modify the drilling fluids rheology by changing the composition, type, or size distribution of nanoparticles that suit desired drilling conditions without using other expensive additives (Abdo and Haneef 2012). In recent years, numerous studies have been reported on the application of nanoparticles as additives in drilling fluids formulation (Abdo and Haneef 2012, Amanullah et al. 2011, Sharma et al. 2012, Srivatsa and Download English Version:

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