

## Accepted Manuscript

Nanowire growth from the viewpoint of the thin film polylayer growth theory

Dimo Kashchiev

PII: S0022-0248(18)30003-4

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jcrysgro.2018.01.003>

Reference: CRYG 24439

To appear in: *Journal of Crystal Growth*

Received Date: 11 July 2017

Revised Date: 6 November 2017

Accepted Date: 2 January 2018



Please cite this article as: D. Kashchiev, Nanowire growth from the viewpoint of the thin film polylayer growth theory, *Journal of Crystal Growth* (2018), doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jcrysgro.2018.01.003>

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

# Nanowire growth from the viewpoint of the thin film polylayer growth theory

**Dimo Kashchiev \***

*Institute of Physical Chemistry, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, ul. Acad. G. Bonchev 11, Sofia 1113, Bulgaria*

\* E-mail address: kash@ipc.bas.bg

## ABSTRACT

The theory of polylayer growth of thin solid films is employed for description of the growth kinetics of single-crystal nanowires. Expressions are derived for the dependences of the height  $h$  and radius  $r$  of a given nanowire on time  $t$ , as well as for the  $h(r)$  dependence. These dependences are applicable immediately after the nanowire nucleation on the substrate and thus include the period during which the nucleated nanowire changes its shape from that of cap to that of column. The analysis shows that the nanowire cap-to-column shape transition is continuous and makes it possible to kinetically define the nanowire shape-transition radius by means of the nanowire radial and axial growth rates. The obtained  $h(t)$ ,  $r(t)$  and  $h(r)$  dependences are found to provide a good description of available experimental data for growth of self-nucleated GaN nanowires by the vapor-solid mechanism.

## Keywords:

A1. Growth models

A1. Growth kinetics

A1. Nanowires

B1. Gallium nitride

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8148787>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/8148787>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)