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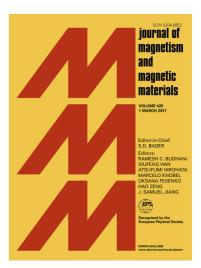
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Comparative investigations on ferrite nanocomposites for magnetic hyperthermia applications

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Abstract

Superparamagnetic iron oxide nanoparticles (SPION) Fe₃O₄ nanoparticles were prepared using different

approaches: co-precipitation and sonochemical methods. This article is a comparative study on how different

synthesis techniques greatly affect the magnetic properties and heating efficiency of such nanomaterial.

Another important issue addressed here is the correlation between microstructure, colloidal stability,

magnetization and specific absorption rate (SAR) of the nanoparticles. The results reveal that the sonochemical

method for polyethylene glycol (PEGylated) Fe₃O₄ with size 5 nm leads to pseudo single domain with smallest

loop area. Additionally, large SAR values are obtained within 10-15 mins using low magnetic field.

Keywords: Fe₃O₄; SPIONs; SAR; PEG; magnetization; hyperthermia.

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