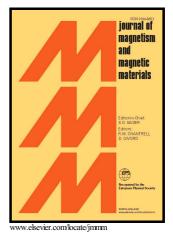
Author's Accepted Manuscript

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 PII:
 S0304-8853(16)31235-5

 DOI:
 http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jmmm.2016.06.070

 Reference:
 MAGMA61591

To appear in: Journal of Magnetism and Magnetic Materials

Received date: 17 January 2016 Revised date: 23 June 2016 Accepted date: 25 June 2016

Cite this article as: Vladimir R. Tuz, Polaritons dispersion in a composite ferrite semiconductor structure near gyrotropic-nihility state, *Journal of Magnetism an Magnetic Materials*, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jmmm.2016.06.070

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Polaritons dispersion in a composite ferrite-semiconductor structure near gyrotropic-nihility state

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Abstract

In the context of polaritons in a ferrite-semiconductor structure which is influenced by an external static magnetic field, the gyrotropic-nihility can be identified from the dispersion equation related to bulk polaritons as a particular extreme state, at which the longitudinal component of the corresponding constitutive tensor and bulk constant simultaneously acquire zero. Near the frequency of the gyrotropic-nihility state, the conditions of branches merging of bulk polaritons, as well as an anomalous dispersion of bulk and surface polaritons are found and discussed.

Keywords: electromagnetic theory, polaritons, magneto-optical materials, effective medium theory, metamaterials *PACS:* 42.25.Bs, 71.36.+c, 75.70.Cn, 78.20.Ci, 78.20.Ls, 78.67.Pt

1. Introduction

The polaritons are modes of the electromagnetic field coupled to normal modes (eigenwaves) which are inherent to a material and able to interact in a linear manner with the electromagnetic field by virtue of their electrical or magnetic character [1]. According to the quantum description, polaritons are related to some 'quasi-particle' excitations consisting a photon coupled to an elementary excitation like plasmon, phonon, exciton, etc., which bring

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Preprint submitted to Journal of Magnetism and Magnetic Materials June 25, 2016

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