Author's Accepted Manuscript

A study of the energy absorption and exposure buildup factors of some anti-inflammatory drugs

Neslihan EKİNCİ, Esra Kavaz, Yüksel ÖZDEMİR



www.elsevier.com/locate/apradiso

 PII:
 S0969-8043(14)00164-X

 DOI:
 http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apradiso.2014.05.003

 Reference:
 ARI6680

To appear in: Applied Radiation and Isotopes

Received date: 27 January 2014 Revised date: 18 April 2014 Accepted date: 4 May 2014

Cite this article as: Neslihan EKİNCİ, Esra Kavaz, Yüksel ÖZDEMİR, A study of the energy absorption and exposure buildup factors of some anti-inflammatory drugs, *Applied Radiation and Isotopes*, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apradiso.2014.05.003

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

A study of the energy absorption and exposure buildup factors of some antiinflammatory drugs

Neslihan EKİNCİ, Esra KAVAZ, Yüksel ÖZDEMİR

Ataturk University, Faculty of Science, Department of Physics, 25240, Erzurum, TURKEY

Abstract

Human radiation exposure is increasing due to radiation development in science and technology. The development of radioprotective agents is important for protecting patients from the side effects of radiotherapy and for protecting the public from unwanted irradiation. Radioprotective agents are used to reduce the damage caused by radiation in healthy tissues. There are several classes of radioprotective compounds that are under investigation. Analgesics and antiinflammatory compounds are being considered for treating or preventing the effects of damage due to radiation exposure, or for increasing the chance of survival after exposure to a high dose of radiation. In this study, we investigated the radioprotective effects of some analgesic and antiinflammatory compounds by evaluating buildup factors. The gamma ray energy absorption (EABF) and exposure buildup factors (EBF) were calculated for select compounds in a 0.015–15 MeV energy region up to a penetration depth of 40 mfp (mean free path). Variations of EABF and EBF with incident photon energy and penetration depth elements were also investigated. Significant variations in both EABF and EBF values were observed for several compounds at the moderate energy region. At energies below 0.15 MeV, EABF and EBF values increased with decreasing equivalent atomic number (Z_{eq}) of the samples. In addition, EABF and EBF were the largest for ibuprofen, aspirin, paracetamol, naproxen and ketoprofen at 0.05 and 0.06 MeV, respectively, and the EABF value was 0.1 MeV for aceclofenac. From these results, we concluded that the buildup of photons is less for aceclofenac compared to other materials.

Corresponding author. Tel.: +90 442 23140 83; fax: +90 442 23609 48. E-mail address: esrakvz@gmail.com (E. Kavaz) Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8210248

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/8210248

Daneshyari.com