

## Accepted Manuscript

Prescribed curvature tensor in locally conformally flat manifolds

Romildo Pina, Mauricio Pieterzack

PII: S0393-0440(17)30233-4

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.geomphys.2017.09.014>

Reference: GEOPHY 3078

To appear in: *Journal of Geometry and Physics*

Received date: 29 August 2016

Revised date: 26 September 2017

Accepted date: 28 September 2017

Please cite this article as: R. Pina, M. Pieterzack, Prescribed curvature tensor in locally conformally flat manifolds, *Journal of Geometry and Physics* (2017), <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.geomphys.2017.09.014>

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



## PRESCRIBED CURVATURE TENSOR IN LOCALLY CONFORMALLY FLAT MANIFOLDS

ROMILDO PINA AND MAURICIO PIETERZACK

ABSTRACT. A global existence theorem for the prescribed curvature tensor problem in locally conformally flat manifolds is proved for a special class of tensors  $R$ . Necessary and sufficient conditions for the existence of a metric  $\bar{g}$ , conformal to Euclidean  $g$ , are determined such that  $\bar{R} = R$ , where  $\bar{R}$  is the Riemannian curvature tensor of the metric  $\bar{g}$ . The solution to this problem is given explicitly for special cases of the tensor  $R$ , including the case where the metric  $\bar{g}$  is complete on  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . Similar problems are considered for locally conformally flat manifolds.

### 1. INTRODUCTION

Over the last decades several authors have considered the following problem:

- (P) Given a smooth function  $\bar{K} : M \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  on a manifold  $(M, g)$  is there a metric  $\bar{g}$  conformal to  $g$  whose scalar curvature is  $\bar{K}$ ?

This problem has been studied by various authors. Particularly, when  $\bar{K}$  is a constant it is known as the Yamabe Problem. If  $M = \mathbb{R}^n$  with  $n \geq 3$  and  $g$  is the Euclidean metric, various results can be found in [1], [2], [3] and in their references.

An interesting problem related to problem (P), that is currently under extensive investigation is the prescribed Ricci curvature equation. It can be formulated as follows:

- (P1) Given a symmetric  $(0, 2)$ -tensor  $T$ , defined on a manifold  $M^n$ ,  $n \geq 3$ , does there exist a Riemannian metric  $g$  such that  $Ric\ g = T$ ?

When  $T$  is nonsingular, that is, its determinant does not vanish, a local solution of the Ricci equation always exists, as shown by DeTurck in [4]. When  $T$  is singular, the Ricci equation still admits local solutions, provided that  $T$  has constant rank and satisfies certain conditions [5]. Rotationally symmetric nonsingular tensors were considered in [6]. Related results can be found in [5], [7], [8], [9], [10], [14], [11], [12], and the references therein. Recent developments on problem (P1) can be found in [15], [16], [17], and [18].

Another problem related to problem (P1) is the *Prescribed Curvature Tensor problem*, which can be formulated as follows:

- (P2) Given a  $(0, 4)$ -tensor  $R$ , defined on a manifold  $M^n$ ,  $n \geq 3$ , does there exist a Riemannian metric  $g$  such that  $R_g = R$ , where  $R_g$  is the Riemannian curvature tensor of the metric  $g$ ?

---

*Date:* August, 2016 and, in revised form, .

*2010 Mathematics Subject Classification.* Primary 53C21; Secondary 35N10.

*Key words and phrases.* Conformal metric, Riemannian curvature tensor, scalar curvature, Ricci curvature.

The authors were supported in part by CAPES/PROCAD and FAPEG/GO.

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8255913>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/8255913>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)