Accepted Manuscript

Pathophysiologic implications of innate immunity and autoinflammation in the biliary epithelium

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PII: S0925-4439(17)30255-7

DOI: doi:10.1016/j.bbadis.2017.07.023

Reference: BBADIS 64835

To appear in: BBA - Molecular Basis of Disease

Received date: 24 May 2017 Revised date: 20 July 2017 Accepted date: 21 July 2017



Please cite this article as: Mario Strazzabosco, Romina Fiorotto, Massimiliano Cadamuro, Carlo Spirli, Valeria Mariotti, Eleanna Kaffe, Roberto Scirpo, Luca Fabris, Pathophysiologic implications of innate immunity and autoinflammation in the biliary epithelium, *BBA - Molecular Basis of Disease* (2017), doi:10.1016/j.bbadis.2017.07.023

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Highlights

- Cholangiocytes are active players in inflammatory and reparative processes during liver insults.
- Chronic inflammation is the pathogenetic factor in cholangiopaties.
- Altered adaptive cholangiocytes immunity mechanisms may elicit an exaggerated inflammatory response to pathogens or endotoxins.
- Genetic dysfunction in biliary cells may stimulate low-grade inflammatory processes that cause liver damage and fibrosis.

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