Accepted Manuscript

Title: Breast cancer bone metastases: pathogenesis and

therapeutic targets

Authors: Naomi Brook, Emily Brook, Arun Dharmarajan,

Crispin R. Dass, Arlene Chan

PII: \$1357-2725(18)30003-7

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.biocel.2018.01.003

Reference: BC 5284

To appear in: The International Journal of Biochemistry & Cell Biology

Received date: 7-11-2017 Revised date: 31-12-2017 Accepted date: 4-1-2018

Please cite this article as: Brook, Naomi., Brook, Emily., Dharmarajan, Arun., Dass, Crispin R., & Chan, Arlene., Breast cancer bone metastases: pathogenesis and therapeutic targets. *International Journal of Biochemistry and Cell Biology* https://doi.org/10.1016/j.biocel.2018.01.003

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Title: Breast cancer bone metastases: pathogenesis and therapeutic targets

Short title: Breast cancer metastasis to bone

Naomi Brook^{a,b}, Emily Brook^{a,b}, Arun Dharmarajan^{a,b}, Crispin R. Dass^{a,b}, Arlene Chan^{c,*}

^aSchool of Pharmacy and Biomedical Science, Curtin University, Bentley 6102, Australia

^bCurtin Health Innovation Research Institute, Bentley 6102, Australia

^cSchool of Medicine, Curtin University, Bentley 6102, Australia

*Correspondence: arlenechan@me.com (A.Chan)

Mail | Professor Arlene Chan, PO Box 909, Nedlands, WA 6909 Australia.

Email | arlenechan@me.com Phone | +61 8 94814522

Abstract

Breast cancer is the most common cancer affecting women worldwide, with bone metastases presenting as the most common site of disease recurrence. Bone metastases secondary to breast cancer negatively impacts patient survival, mobility, and quality of life. Furthermore, the clinical complications of breast cancer bone metastases are associated with significant financial burden to the individual and society. The molecular mechanisms involved in the metastasis, colonisation, and proliferation of breast cancer cells in bone are complex and involve crosstalk between breast cancer cells and the bone microenvironment. The ability of metastatic breast cancer cells to hijack normal biological processes involved in bone remodelling is a key driver of osteolytic and osteoblastic bone lesions. As such, our understanding of how breast cancer cells manipulate normal bone remodelling pathways is essential for the development of new therapeutic agents to improve patient outcomes. In this review, we discuss bone remodelling under normal physiological conditions and explore key pathways dysregulated in breast cancer metastasis to bone. We provide an overview of systemic therapies currently recommended for the treatment of breast cancer bone metastases and highlight emerging therapeutic targets.

Key words: breast cancer; bone metastases; osteolysis; osteoblastic lesions; osteomimicry; targeted therapies

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8322046

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/8322046

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>